

Data Sheet**EMW3165****Embedded Wi-Fi module****V1.7****Date : 2017-03-31****NO:DS0007E****Overview****Features:**

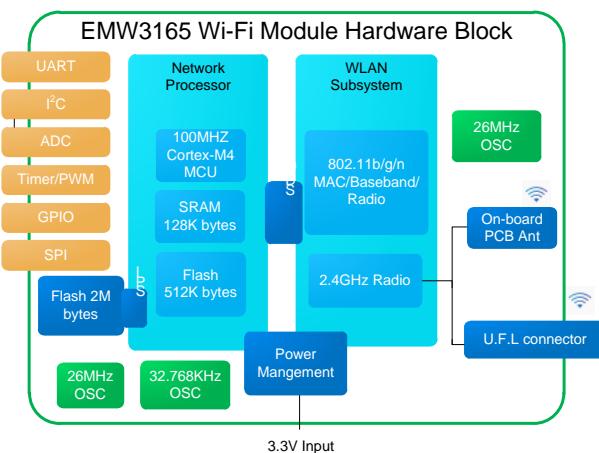
- Supports IEEE 802.11b/g/n
- Integrated ARM Cortex-M4 processor and WLAN MAC/Baseband/RF
 - Cortex-M4 core at 100MHz
 - 2M bytes on-board SOI flash and 512K bytes on-chip flash
 - 128K bytes RAM
- Operating voltage: DC 3V-3.6V
- Peripherals
 - 22 GPIOs
 - JTAG/SWD debug interfaces
- Wi-Fi features
 - 802.11 b/g/n available
 - WEP, WPA/WPA2, PS
 - TX Output Power 16.5dBm@802.11b, 14.5dBm@802.11g, 13.5dBm@802.11n
 - Receiver Sensitivity: -87dBm
 - Station, Soft AP and Wi-Fi Direct
 - Easylink available
 - On-board PCB antenna and IPEX connector for external antenna
 - CE, FCC compliant
- Operation Temperature: -30°C~+85°C

Applications:

- Smart LED
- Smart home appliances
- Medical/Health care
- Industrial automation systems
- Point of Sale system
- Auto electronics

Product list:

| Part number | Antenna type | |
|-------------|--------------|----------|
| EMW3165 | PCB antenna | Default |
| EMW316-E | IPX antenna | Optional |

Hardware block:**Copyright Notice:**

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Version Record

| Date | Version | Update content |
|------------|---------|---|
| 2015-1-26 | 1.0 | Initial version |
| 2015-7-3 | 1.1 | 1. Update “antenna types” 2. Update ”recommend packaging size” |
| 2015-9-10 | 1.2 | Update “ Function introduction” |
| 2015-12-21 | 1.3 | Update the power consumption |
| 2016-5-31 | 1.4 | Update 5V UART- 3.3V UART conversion reference circuit |
| 2016-6-14 | 1.5 | Update” WiFi connectivity” |
| 2016-7-28 | 1.6 | Update document format |
| 2017-3-29 | 1.7 | Update operating temperature in table 12 |

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1. Introduction

1.1 Product is introduced

EMW3165 is one embedded Wi-Fi module designed by MXCHIP of low-power, small-size and low-cost. It integrates one Cortex-M4 microcontroller of 128Kbytes RAM and 512Kbytes on-chip flash with another 2Mbytes on-board SPI flash added. Various peripheral interfaces of analog and digital are available. The power supply voltage is 3.3V. It applies half-hole footprint for hand-soldering. The module runs MICO, which is the IOT OS System of MXCHIP, and is available for secondary development. The TCP/IP protocols and security encryption algorithm could be applied in various Wi-Fi applications. In addition, several particular firmware are reserved for some typical applications, like UART to Wi-Fi DTU, easylink configuration and services for cloud interfacing.

1.2 Product appearance



Figure 1 EMW3165



Figure 2 EMW3165-E

1.3 Hardware block diagram

EMW3165 contains four main parts as showed in Figure 3:

- Cortex-M4 processor
- WLAN MAC/BB/RF/ANT
- Peripherals
- Power management

1. Cortex-M4 CPU, up to 100MHz operating frequency, integrated 128KB SRAM, 512 KB Flash.
2. 2MB SPI Flash for customized firmware

3. Supports PCB antenna or IPEX external antenna

4. Operating voltage: DC 3.3V

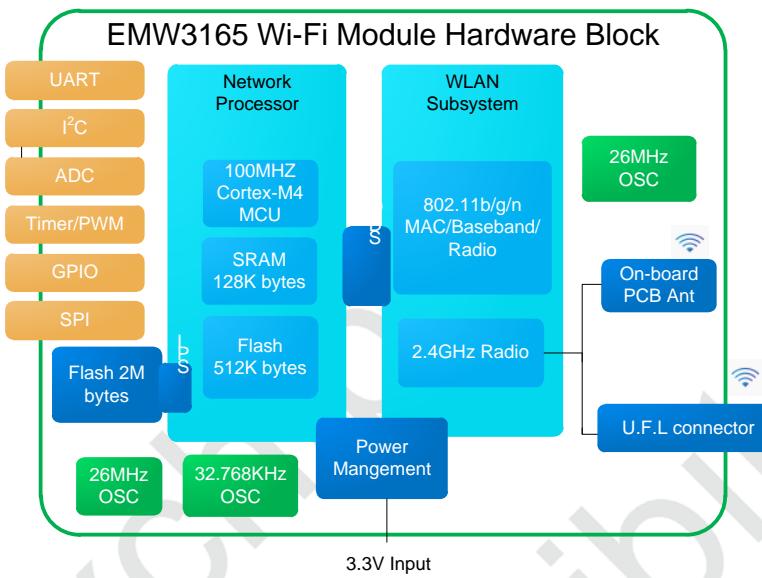


Figure 3 Hardware

2. Pins

2.1 Pin Designation

EMW3165 owns two groups of pins (1X20 + 1X21). The lead pitch is 1mm.

EMW3165 has half-hole footprint fit for hand-soldering

EMW3165 pin outs :

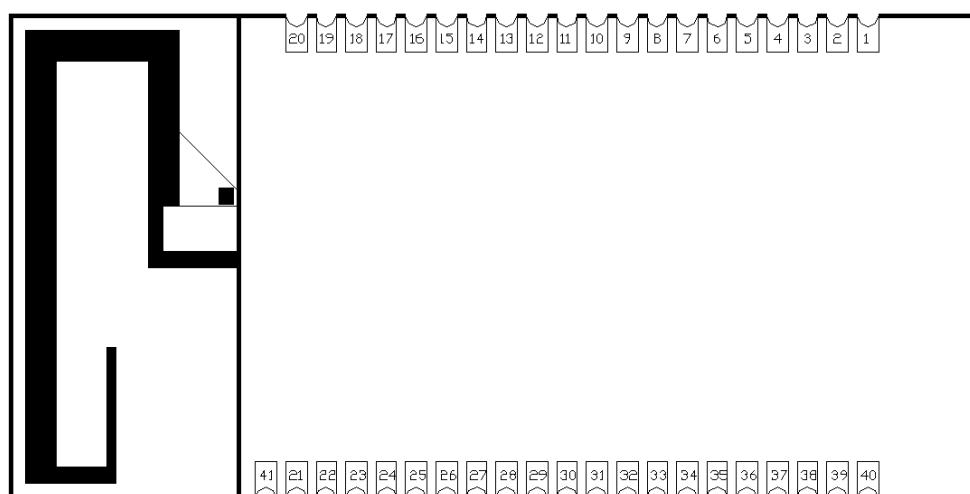


Figure 4 Half-hole package dimension

2.2 Recommended Footprint Design

Recommended footprint (Unit: mm):

Figure 5 Recommended Footprint

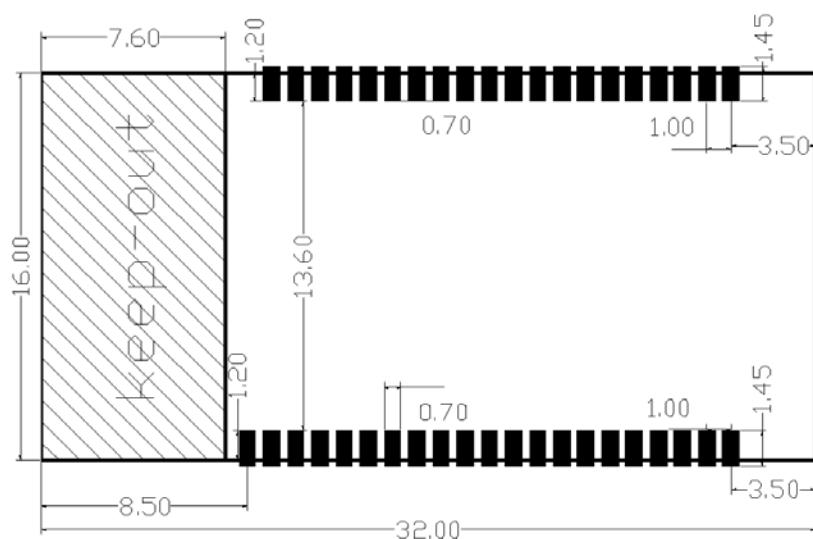


Figure 6 Recommended Footprint

2.3 Pin Arrangement

Table 1 EMW3165 pin arrangement

| Pins | Name | Type | I/O level | Function | Note |
|------|------|------|-----------|---|-----------------------|
| 1 | - | - | - | Not connected | NC |
| 2 | PB2 | I/O | FT | BOOT1 | ✓ |
| 3 | - | - | - | Not connected | NC |
| 4 | PA7 | I/O | FT | Flash_SPI1_MOSI | ✗ |
| 5 | PA15 | I/O | FT | Flash_SPI1_NSS | ✗ |
| 6 | PB3 | I/O | FT | Flash_SPI1_SCK | ✗ |
| 7 | PB4 | I/O | FT | Flash_SPI1_MISO | ✗ |
| 8 | PA2 | I/O | FT | TIM2_CH3,TIM5_CH3,TIM9_CH1, I2S2_CKIN,USART2_TX,ADC1_2 | ✗ <i>DEBUG_OUT</i> |
| 9 | PA1 | I/O | FT | TIM2_CH2,TIM5_CH2,SPI4_MOSI/I2S4_SD, USART2_RTS,ADC1_1 | ✗ (EasyLink) |
| 10 | VBAT | S | - | - | ✗ |
| 11 | - | - | - | Not connected | NC |
| 12 | PA3 | I/O | FT | TIM2_CH4,TIM5_CH4,TIM9_CH2, I2S2_MCK,USART2_RX,ADC1_3 | ✗ <i>DEBUG_IN</i> |
| 13 | NRST | I/O | FT | RESET | ✗ |

| Pins | Name | Type | I/O level | Function | Note |
|------|------|------|-----------|--|--------------------------|
| 14 | PA0 | I | TC | Wi-Fi wake up MCU | ✗ |
| 15 | - | - | - | Not connected | NC |
| 16 | PC13 | I/O | FT | RTC_AMP1, RTC_OUT, RTC_TS | ✓ |
| 17 | PB10 | I/O | FT | TIM2_CH3,I2C2_SCL, | ✓ |
| 18 | PB9 | I/O | FT | TIM4_CH4,TIM11_CH1,I2C1_SDA, SPI2_NSS/I2S2_WS,I2C2_SDA | ✓ |
| 19 | PB12 | I/O | FT | TIM1_BKIN,I2C2_SMBA,SPI2_NSS/I2S2_ WS, | ✓ |
| 20 | GND | S | - | - | ✗ |
| 21 | GND | S | - | - | ✗ |
| 22 | - | - | - | Not connected | NC |
| 23 | - | - | - | Not connected | NC |
| 24 | - | - | - | Not connected | NC |
| 25 | PA14 | I/O | FT | SWD_SWCLK | ✗ |
| 26 | PA13 | I/O | FT | SWD_SWDIO | ✗ |
| 27 | PA12 | I/O | FT | TIM1_ETR, SPI5_MISO, USART1 RTS, | ✓ |
| 28 | - | - | - | Not connected | NC |
| 29 | PA10 | I/O | FT | TIM1_CH3, SPI5_MOSI/I2S5_SD, USART1_RX, USB_FS_ID | ✓ USER_UART_RX |
| 30 | PB6 | I/O | FT | TIM4_CH1, I2C1_SCL, USART1_TX | ✓ USER_UART_TX |
| 31 | PB8 | I/O | FT | TIM4_CH3, TIM10_CH1,I2C1_SCL, SPI5_MOSI/I2S5_SD, I2C3_SDA | ✓ |

| Pins | Name | Type | I/O level | Function | Note |
|------|------|------|-----------|--|----------|
| 32 | - | - | - | Not connected | NC |
| 33 | PB13 | I/O | FT | TIM1_CH1N, SPI2_SCK/I2S2_CK, SPI4_SCK/I2S4_CK, | √ |
| 34 | PA5 | I/O | TC | TIM2_CH1/TIM2_ET, SPI1_SCK/I2S1_CK, ADC1_5 | √ |
| 35 | PA11 | I/O | FT | TIM1_CH4, SPI4_MISO, USART1_CTS, USART6_TX, USB_FS_DM | √ |
| 36 | PB1 | I/O | FT | TIM1_CH3N, TIM3_CH4, | ✗ (BOOT) |
| 37 | PB0 | I/O | FT | TIM1_CH2N, TIM3_CH3, | ✗STATUS |
| 38 | PA4 | I/O | TC | SPI1_NSS/I2S1_WS, SPI3_NSS/I2S3_WS, | √ |
| 39 | VDD | S | - | - | ✗ |
| 40 | VDD | S | - | - | ✗ |
| 41 | ANT | - | - | External Antenna Pad | ✗ |

Notes:

1. PIN10, PIN39, PIN40 need connect to VDD 3V3 power and PIN20, PIN21 connects to GND.
2. PIN8 and PIN12 are used for secondary burning, ATE and QC auto detection.
3. PIN29 and PIN30 are used as serial communication port for application.
4. “S” indicates “power supply”, “I” indicates “input pin”, “I/O” indicates “input/output pin”.
5. “FT” indicates the maximum tolerance input voltage is 5V. The maximum tolerance voltage could not be over VCC when configured as analog I/O or RTC.
6. TC=standard 3.6V I/O.
7. PIN4~7 could not be used as the other functions except for the SPI1 interface of on-board flash.
8. Take SWD (PIN25, PIN26) as the replacement of JTAG to debug or download firmware.
9. “√” indicates the pin which could be used for customized applications, while “✗” could not be used besides two groups “serial” and one group “SPI”.
10. Please refer to “STM32F411Xe reference” for more details of the pins.

3. Electrical Parameters

3.1 Operating Ratings

EMW3165 enters an unstable condition whenever the input voltage dips below the minimum value of supply voltage. This condition must be considered during design of the power supply routing, especially if operating from a battery.

Table 2 Voltage Conditions

| Symbol | Description | Conditions | Specification | | | |
|--------|-------------|------------|---------------|---------|------|------|
| | | | Min. | Typical | Max. | Unit |
| VDD | Voltage | | 3.0 | 3.3 | 3.6 | V |

Voltage exceeding maximum ratings will cause hardware damage to the module, and working at the maximum ratings for a long time will affect the reliability of the module.

Current conditions:

Table 3 Current Conditions

| Symbol | Note | Max | Unit |
|------------------|---|-----|------|
| I _{VDD} | Total current into VDD power lines | 320 | mA |
| I _O | Output current sunk by any I/O and control pin | 25 | |
| | Output current sourced by any I/O and control pin | -25 | |

3.2 Absolute maximum ratings (voltage)

Stresses above the absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these conditions is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Absolute maximum ratings:

Figure 7 Absolute Maximum Rating

| Symbol | Note | Min | Max | Unit |
|------------------|------------------------------------|------|----------------------|------|
| V _{DD} | Power supply | -0.3 | 4.0 | V |
| V _{OUT} | Output voltage on 5V tolerance pin | -0.3 | 5.5 | V |
| V _{IN} | Input voltage on other pins | -0.3 | V _{DD} +0.3 | V |

3.3 Current Consumption

3.3.1 Wi-Fi Subsystem

Current consumption on Wi-Fi Subsystem:

Table 4 Current Consumption on Wi-Fi Subsystem

| Symbol | Note | Conditions | Typical | Unit |
|-----------------|----------------------------|--------------------|---------|------|
| I _{RF} | OFF1 | | 2 | µA |
| I _{RF} | SLEEP ⁴ | - | 200 | µA |
| I _{RF} | Rx(Listen) ² | - | 52 | mA |
| I _{RF} | Rx(Active) ³ | - | 59 | mA |
| I _{RF} | Power Save ^{5, 6} | - | 1.9 | mA |
| I _{RF} | Tx CCK ^{7, 10} | 11 Mbps at 18.5dBm | 320 | mA |
| I _{RF} | Tx OFDM ^{8, 10} | 54 Mbps at 15.5dBm | 270 | mA |
| I _{RF} | Tx OFDM ^{9, 10} | 65 Mbps at 14.5dBm | 260 | mA |

1. Power is off.
2. Carrier Sense (CCA) when no carrier present
3. Carrier Sense (CS) detect/Packet Rx
4. Intra-beacon Sleep
5. Beacon Interval = 102.4ms, DTIM = 1, Beacon duration = 1ms @ 1 Mbps. Integrated Sleep + wakeup + Beacon Rx current over 1 DTIM interval.
6. In WLAN power-saving mode, the following blocks are powered down: Crystal oscillator, Baseband PLL, AFE, RF PLL and Radio.
7. CCK power at chip port. Duty cycle is 100%. Includes PA contribution.
8. OFDM power at chip port. Duty cycle is 100%. Includes PA contribution.
9. OFDM power at chip port is 16dBm, duty cycle is 100%, includes PA contribution.
10. Absolute junction temperature limits maintained through active thermal monitoring and dynamic TX duty cycle limiting.

3.3.2 Microcontroller Subsystem

Typical and maximum current consumption in Run mode, code with data processing running from Flash memory

(ART accelerator enabled) or RAM.

Typical and maximum current consumption in Run mode:

Table 5 Typical and Maximum Current Consumption in Run Mode

| Symbol | Conditions | f_{HCLK} (MHz) | $T_A=25^\circ C$ | | Unit |
|-----------|--|------------------|------------------|------|------|
| | | | Typical | Max | |
| I_{MCU} | External clock, all peripherals enabled | 100 | 21.0 | 23.3 | mA |
| | | 84 | 17.0 | 19.2 | |
| | | 64 | 12.0 | 13.2 | |
| | | 50 | 9.5 | 10.4 | |
| | | 20 | 4.5 | 5.8 | |
| I_{MCU} | External clock, all peripherals disabled | 100 | 12.0 | 14.6 | mA |
| | | 84 | 10.0 | 11.9 | |
| | | 64 | 7.0 | 8.4 | |
| | | 50 | 5.5 | 6.6 | |
| | | 20 | 2.5 | 3.7 | |

Typical and maximum current consumption in Standby mode:

Table 6 Typical and Maximum Current Consumption in Standby Mode

| Symbol | Item | Conditions | Typical | Unit |
|-----------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------|---------|
| | | | $T_A=25^\circ C$ | |
| I_{MCU} | Supply current in Standby mode | Low-speed oscillator (LSE) and RTC ON | 3.0 | μA |
| | | RTC and LSE OFF | 2.1 | |

3.3.3 Power Consumption in Typical Operation Mode

Current consumption of EMW3165 in typical operation mode:

Table 7 Power Consumption in Typical Operation Mode

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Average | Max | Unit |
|---------|---|------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------|
| | | | $T_A=25^\circ C$ | $T_A=25^\circ C$ | $T_A=25^\circ C$ | |
| Imodule | Total power consumption on EMW3165 module | No Wi-Fi data is transmitting1 | 2.8 | 7.2 | 75 | mA |
| | | Receive data in UDP mode, 20k bps1 | 2.8 | 12 | 262 | |
| | | Send data in UDP mode, 20k bps1 | 3 | 24 | 280 | |
| | | RF off, MCU enter standby mode2 | 37 | 40 | 45 | |

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Average | Max | Unit |
|---------|---|------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|------|
| | | | T _A =25°C | T _A =25°C | T _A =25°C | |
| Imodule | Total power consumption on EMW3165 module | Connecting to AP | 52 | 74 | 340 | mA |

Note 1: TA=25°C, MCU frequency=100MHz, with data processing running from Flash memory (ART accelerator enabled). Firmware process TCP/IP stack and IEEE 802.11 MAC every 250 ms, enter stop mode when no task is pending. Wi-Fi subsystem is connected to an access point and run under power save mode in IEEE 802.11n@14.5 dBm TX power. AP Beacon Interval = 100ms, DTIM = 1.

Note 2: Wi-Fi connection is disconnected.

Note 3: These data may not be the same depend on different firmware functions.

3.4 Digital I/O port characteristics

3.4.1 Output voltage levels

GPIO static characteristics:

Table 8 I/O GPIO Static Characteristics

| Symbol | Item | | Conditions | Min | Typical | Max | Unit |
|--------|---|--------------------------|-------------|-------------|---------|-------------|------|
| VIL | FT and NRST I/O input low level voltage | | 1.7V ~ 3.6V | - | - | 0.3VDD | V |
| | BOOT0 I/O input low level voltage | | | - | - | 0.1VDD +0.1 | |
| VIH | FT and NRST I/O input low level voltage | | 1.7V ~ 3.6V | 0.7VDD | - | - | V |
| | BOOT0 I/O input low level voltage | | | 0.17VDD+0.7 | - | - | |
| VHYS | FT and NRST I/O input hysteresis | | 1.7V ~3.6V | 0.1VDD | - | - | V |
| | BOOT0 I/O input hysteresis | | | 0.1 | - | - | |
| RPU | Weak pull-up equivalent resistor | All pins except for PA10 | VIN=VSS | 30 | 40 | 50 | kΩ |
| | | PA10 | | 7 | 10 | 14 | |
| RPD | Weak pull-down | All pins except for | VIN=VDD | 30 | 40 | 50 | kΩ |

| Symbol | Item | | Conditions | Min | Typical | Max | Unit |
|--------|---------------------|------|------------|-----|---------|-----|------|
| | equivalent resistor | PA10 | | | | | |
| | | PA10 | | 7 | 10 | 14 | |
| CIO | I/O pin capacitance | - | - | 5 | - | - | pF |

3.4.2 RESET pin characteristics

The RESET pin input driver uses CMOS technology. It is connected to a permanent pull-up resistor, RPU. EMW3165 contains RC (resistance-capacitance) reset circuit which ensures the module reset accurately when it powers up. If user need to reset manually, just connect the external control signals to the reset pins directly, but the control signal should be Open Drain Mode --- .

RESET pin characteristics:

Table 9 RESET Pin Characteristics

| Symbol | Item | Conditions | Min | Typical | Max | Unit |
|-----------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|------|---------|---------|------------|
| VF(NRST) | NRST Input filtered pulse | - | -0.5 | - | 0.8 | V |
| VNF(NRST) | NRST Input not filtered pulse | - | 2 | - | VDD+0.5 | |
| RPU | Resistor for Pulling up | VIN= VSS | 30 | 40 | 50 | k Ω |
| TNRST_OUT | Generated reset pulse duration | Internal Reset source | 20 | - | - | us |

3.5 Temperature and Humidity

Temperature and humidity condition of EMW 3165:

Table 10 Temperature and Humidity conditions

| Symbol | Name | Range | Unit |
|----------|-----------------------------------|------------|------|
| TSTG | Storage Temperature | -55 to +85 | °C |
| TA | Operating Temperature | -30 to +85 | °C |
| Humidity | Non-condensing, relative humidity | <95 | % |

3.6 ESD

Absolute maximum ratings: The Electromagnetic Environment Electrostatic discharge.

Table 11 ESD parameters

| Symbol | Ratings | Conditions | Class | Max | Unit |
|----------------|---|---|-------|------|------|
| $V_{ESD(HBM)}$ | Electrostatic discharge voltage (human body model) | TA= +25 °C conforming to JESD22-A114 | 2 | 2000 | V |

| | | | | | |
|------------------------|--|--|----|-----|--|
| V _{ESD} (CDM) | Electrostatic discharge voltage (charge device model) | TA = +25 °C conforming to JESD22-C101 | II | 500 | |
|------------------------|--|--|----|-----|--|

These tests are compliant with EIA/JESD 78A IC latch-up standard.

3.7 Static latch-up

These tests are compliant with EIA/JESD 78A IC latch-up standard.

Table 12 Static latch - up parameters

| Symbol | Parameter | Class | Class |
|--------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|------------|
| LU | Static latch-up class | TA = +105 °C conforming to JESD78A | II level A |

3.8 Other MCU electrical parameters

Please refer to STM32F411xE datasheet for more information

4. RF characteristics

4.1 Basic RF characteristics

Table 13 RF basic attributes

| Item | Specification |
|---------------------|---|
| Operating Frequency | 2.412~2.484GHz |
| Wi-Fi Standard | 802.11b/g/n(single stream n) |
| Modulation Type | 11b: DBPSK, DQPSK,CCK for DSSS 11g: BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM for OFDM 11n: MCS0~7,OFDM * |
| Data Rates | 11b:1, 2, 5.5 and 11Mbps 11g:6, 9, 12, 18, 24, 36, 48 and 54 Mbps 11n: MCS0~7, up to 72Mbps |
| Antenna type | PCB printed ANT U.FL connector for external antenna (Optional) |

4.2 IEEE802.11b mode

Table 14 IEEE802.11b Mode Specification

| Item | Specification |
|-----------------|-------------------|
| Modulation Type | DSSS / CCK |
| Frequency range | 2400MHz~2484MHz |
| Channel | CH1 to CH14 |
| Data rate | 1, 2, 5.5, 11Mbps |

Table 15 IEEE802.11b RF Send properties

| TX Characteristics | Min. | Typical | Max. | Unit |
|--|------|---------|------|------|
| Transmitter Output Power | | | | |
| 11bTarget Power | 13.5 | 16.2 | 16.5 | dBm |
| Spectrum Mask @ target power | | | | |
| fc +/-11MHz to +/-22MHz | - | -41.73 | -30 | dBr |
| fc > +/-22MHz | - | -51.89 | -50 | dBr |
| Frequency Error | -20 | 3.9 | +20 | ppm |
| Constellation Error(peak EVM)@ target power | | | | |

| | | | | |
|----------|---|--------|----|----|
| 1~11Mbps | - | -25.52 | -9 | dB |
|----------|---|--------|----|----|

Table 16 IEEE802.11b Mode RX Characteristic

| RX Characteristics | Min. | Typical | Max. | Unit |
|---------------------------------|------|---------|------|------|
| Minimum Input Level Sensitivity | | | | |
| 1Mbps (FER ≤ 8%) | - | -87 | -83 | dBm |
| 2Mbps (FER ≤ 8%) | - | -85 | -80 | dBm |
| 5.5Mbps (FER ≤ 8%) | - | -83 | -79 | dBm |
| 11Mbps (FER ≤ 8%) | - | -80 | -76 | dBm |
| Maximum Input Level (FER ≤ 8%) | - | -87 | -83 | dBm |

4.3 IEEE802.11g mode

IEEE802.11g mode specification:

Table 17 IEEE802.11g Mode Specification

| Item | Specification |
|-----------------|----------------------------------|
| Modulation Type | OFDM |
| Frequency range | 2400MHz~2484MHz |
| Channel | CH1 to CH14 |
| Data rate | 6, 9, 12, 18, 24, 36, 48, 54Mbps |

IEEE802.11g mode TX characteristics:

Table 18 IEEE802.11g Mode TX Characteristics

| TX Characteristics | Min. | Typical | Max. | Unit |
|--|------|---------|------|------|
| Transmitter Output Power | | | | |
| 11gTarget Power | 11.5 | 14.16 | 14.5 | dBm |
| Spectrum Mask @ target power | | | | |
| fc +/-11MHz | - | -31.61 | -20 | dBr |
| fc +/-20MHz | - | -40.73 | -28 | dBr |
| fc > +/-30MHz | - | -43.54 | -40 | dBr |
| Frequency Error | -20 | 3.9 | +20 | ppm |
| Constellation Error(peak EVM)@ target power | | | | |
| 54Mbps | | -30 | -25 | dB |

IEEE802.11g mode RX characteristics:

Table 19 EEE802.11g Mode RX Characteristic

| RX Characteristics | Min. | Typical | Max. | Unit |
|---------------------------------|------|---------|------|------|
| Minimum Input Level Sensitivity | | | | |
| 6Mbps (FER≤10%) | - | -87 | -82 | dBm |
| 9Mbps (FER≤10%) | - | -85 | -80 | dBm |
| 12Mbps (FER≤10%) | - | -84 | -79 | dBm |
| 18Mbps (FER≤10%) | - | -82 | -77 | dBm |
| 24Mbps (FER≤10%) | - | -80 | -74 | dBm |
| 36Mbps (FER≤10%) | - | -79 | -70 | dBm |
| 48Mbps (FER≤10%) | - | -77 | -66 | dBm |
| 54Mbps (FER≤10%) | - | -75 | -65 | dBm |

4.4 IEEE802.11n 20MHz bandwidth mode

IEEE802.11n mode specification:

Table 20 IEEE802.11n Mode Specification

| Item | Specification |
|-----------------|--------------------|
| Modulation Type | MIMO-OFDM |
| Channel | CH1 to CH14 |
| Data rate | MCS0/1/2/3/4/5/6/7 |

IEEE802.11n mode TX characteristics:

Table 21 IEEE802.11n mode TX characteristics

| TX Characteristics | Min. | Typical | Max. | Unit |
|--|------|---------|------|------|
| Transmitter Output Power | | | | |
| 11n HT20 Target Power | 10.5 | 13.43 | 13.5 | dBm |
| Spectrum Mask @ target power | | | | |
| fc +/-11MHz | - | -30.23 | -20 | dBr |
| fc +/-20MHz | - | -38.48 | -28 | dBr |
| fc > +/-30MHz | - | -44.8 | -40 | dBr |
| Frequency Error | -20 | 3.9 | +20 | ppm |
| Constellation Error(peak EVM)@ target power | | | | |
| MCS7 | - | -28.59 | -28 | dBm |

Table 22 IEEE802.11n mode RX characteristic

| RX Characteristics | Min. | Typical | Max. | Unit |
|---------------------------------|------|---------|------|------|
| Minimum Input Level Sensitivity | | | | |
| MCS0 (FER≤10%) | - | -85 | -82 | dBm |
| MCS1 (FER≤10%) | - | -83 | -79 | dBm |
| MCS2 (FER≤10%) | - | -82 | -77 | dBm |
| MCS3 (FER≤10%) | - | -80 | -74 | dBm |
| MCS4 (FER≤10%) | - | -78 | -70 | dBm |
| MCS5 (FER≤10%) | - | -74 | -66 | dBm |
| MCS6 (FER≤10%) | - | -72 | -65 | dBm |
| MCS7 (FER≤10%) | - | -69 | -64 | dBm |

5. Antenna information

5.1 Type of antenna

There are three types of antenna include PCB antenna, external antenna and antenna pad. The default type is PCB antenna. Users can modify the antenna type with the method below but MXCHIP would not take any responsibility for this behavior.

EMW3165 loads the resistance ($0\Omega/0402$) in the red box, it means user can use PCB antenna. If user want to use U.FL RF connector for external antenna, just need switch the resistance from red box to blue box and solder an U.FL RF connector. If user switch the resistance from red box to yellow box, user can use antenna pad (pin 41).

Type of antenna:



Figure 8 EWM3165



Figure 9 EMW3165-E



Figure 10 EMW3165-B

5.2 Minimizing radio interference

When integrating the Wi-Fi module with on board PCB printed antenna, make sure the area around the antenna end

the module protrudes at least 15mm from the mother board PCB and any metal enclosure. If this is not possible use the on board U.FL connector to route to an external antenna. The area under the antenna end of the module should be keep clear of metallic components, connectors, vias, traces and other materials that can interfere with the radio signal.

Minimum size of keep-out zone around antenna :

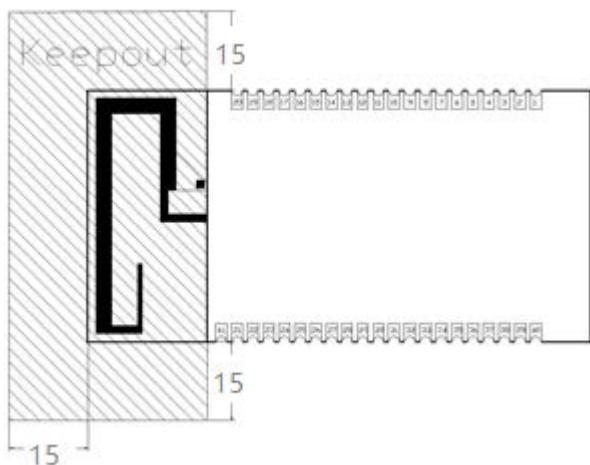


Figure 11 Antenna minimum clearance zone

5.3 U.FL RF Connector

This module use U.FL type RF connector for external antenna connection.

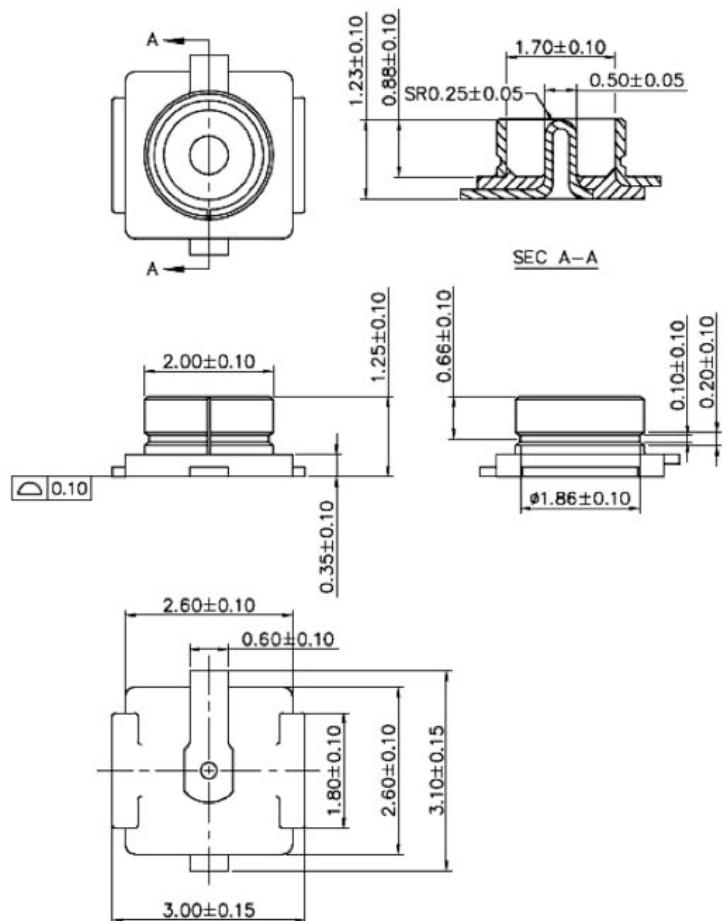


Figure 12 An external antenna connector size diagram

6. Mechanical Dimensions

6.1 EMW3165 Mechanical Dimensions

EMW3165 top view (Unit: mm):

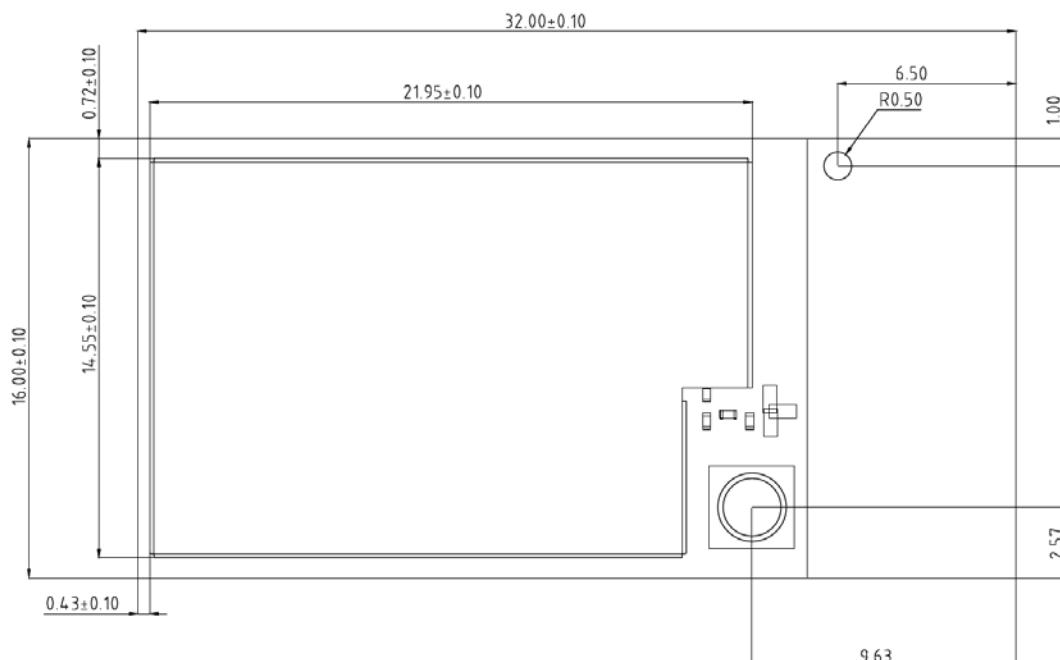


Figure 13 EMW3162 top view(Metric units)

EMW3165 side view (Unit: mm):

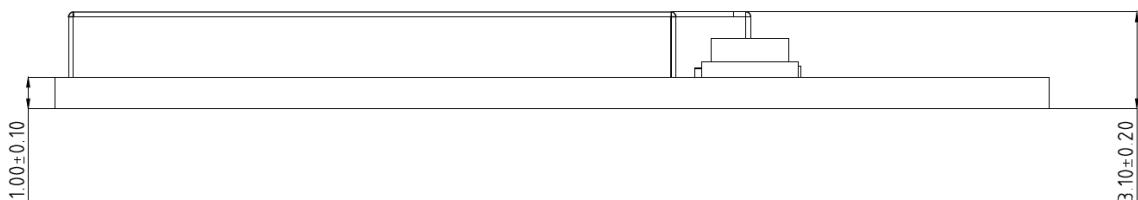


Figure 14 EMW3165 Side View

6.2 Use guidelines (Please read carefully)

- Stamps port Wi-Fi modules which factory from MXCHIP are welding must by SMT machine.
 1. SMT need machine:
 - Reflow soldering SMT machine
 - The AOI detector
 - 6-8 mm diameter suction nozzle
 2. baking need equipment:
 - Cabinet baking box

- The antistatic, high temperature resistant tray
- The antistatic high temperature resistant gloves
- Storage conditions as follows
 - Moisture bag must be stored in a temperature < 30 ° C, humidity 85% RH of the environment.
 - Dry packaging products, the guarantee period should be from 6 months from the date of packing seal.
 - Sealed packaging is equipped with humidity indicator card, as shown in Figure 13.
- Humidity indicator CARDS and baking several ways as follows:



Figure 15 Temperature and humidity indicator CARD

- When opened, if the temperature and humidity indicator CARD read 10%, 20%, 30%, 40% three color ring are blue, to continue to bake for 2 hours for module;
- When opened, if the humidity indicator CARD read 10% color ring into pink, need to continue to bake module 4 hours;
- When opened, if the humidity indicator CARD read into 10%, 20%, color ring into pink, need to continue to bake for 6 hours module;
- When opened, if the humidity indicator CARD read into 10%, 20%, 30% are pink color ring, need to continue to bake for 12 hours module;
- When opened, if the humidity indicator CARD read into 10%, 20%, 30%, 40% are pink color ring, need to continue to bake for 14 hours module;
- Baking parameters are as follows:
 - Baking temperature: 125 °C + / - 5 °C;
 - Set the alarm temperature as 130 °C;
 - Under the condition of natural cooling < 36 °C, SMT placement can be made;
 - Dry times: 1 times;
- If opened the time more than 3 months, please ban the use of SMT process welding this batch module, zedoary because PCB process, more than 3 months bonding pad oxidation, SMT is likely to cause virtual welding, welding, the resulting problems we do not assume corresponding responsibility.
- Please to ESD (static discharge, static electricity discharge) protection module before SMT;
- Please according to the SMT reflow soldering curve, peak temperature 245 °C, reflow soldering, temperature curve as shown in figure 14, section 7.6;
- For the first time in order to ensure the qualified rate of reflow soldering, first SMT please extraction 10% product to visual analysis, AOI inspection, to ensure that the furnace temperature control, device adsorption method, the rationality of the put way; Suggestions: when batch production per hour 5-10 pieces of visual analysis, AOI test;

6.3 The matters needing attention

- In the entire production, Each station of the operator must wear anti-static gloves;
- When baking, no more than baking time;
- When roasting, it is forbidden to join explosive, flammable, corrosive substances;
- When baking, high temperature module application tray in the oven, keep the air circulation between each module, at the same time avoid direct contact with the oven wall module;
- Baking, please will bake the door is closed, the guarantee baking box sealing, prevent leakage, temperature influence the baking effect;
- Don't open the door, as far as possible when baking box running if must open, shortening the time of can open the door as far as possible;
- After baking, must be natural cooling modules to < 36 °C before wear anti-static gloves out, so as not to burn.
- Operation, forbidden module bottom touch water or dirt;
- Temperature and humidity control level for Level3, storage and baking conditions based on IPC/JEDEC J - STD - 020.

6.4 MSL/Storage Condition



Figure 16 storage Condition

6.5 Recommended Reflow Profile

Solder paste recommendations: SAC305, Lead -Free solder paste.

Reflow times<= 2times (Max.)

- 1.Max Rising Slope : 3°C/sec
- 2.Max Falling Slope: -3 °C/sec
- 3.Soaking Time(150°C~180°C): 60sec~120sec
- 4.Over 217°C Time:60sec~120sec;
- 5.Peak Temp.240°C~250°C

Recommended reflow profile:

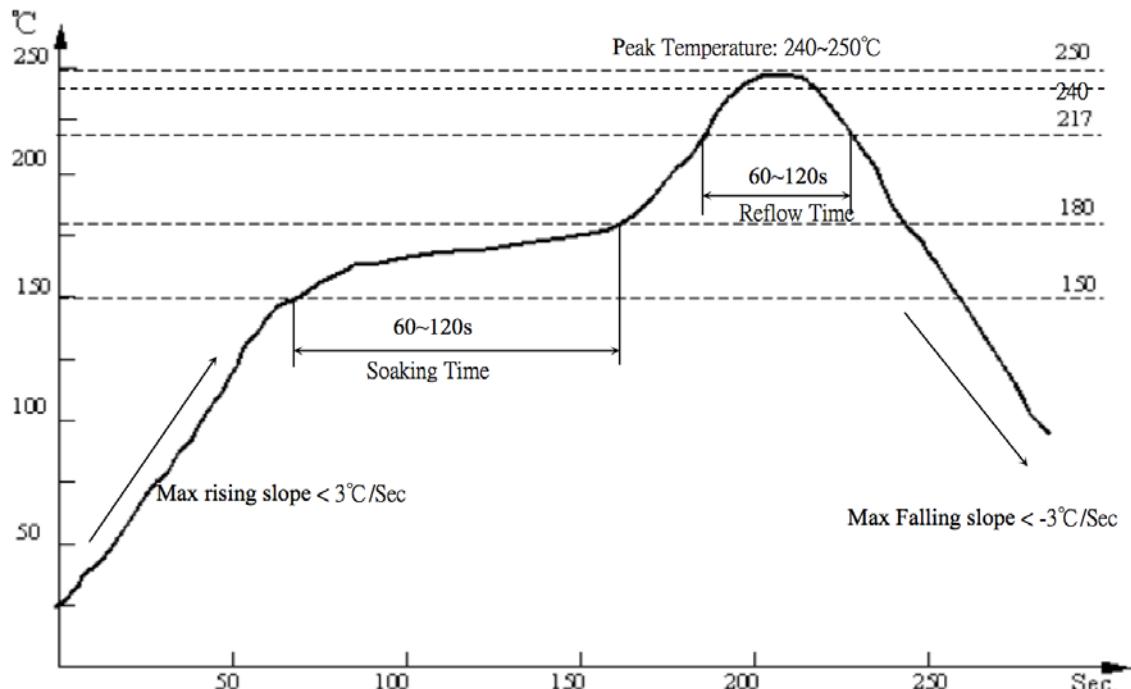


Figure 17 Temperature Curve

7. Reference circuit

The recommended power supply circuit for EMW3165:

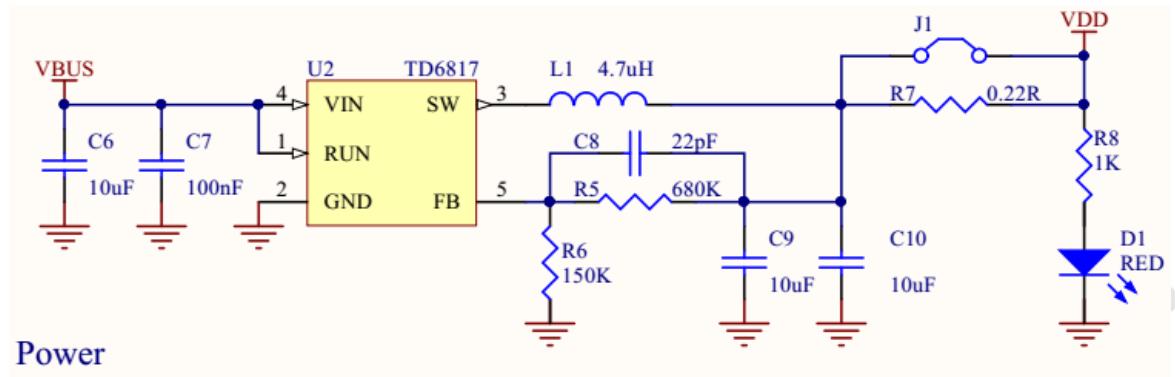


Figure 18 Power reference circuit

The recommended USB to Serial circuit for EMW3165:

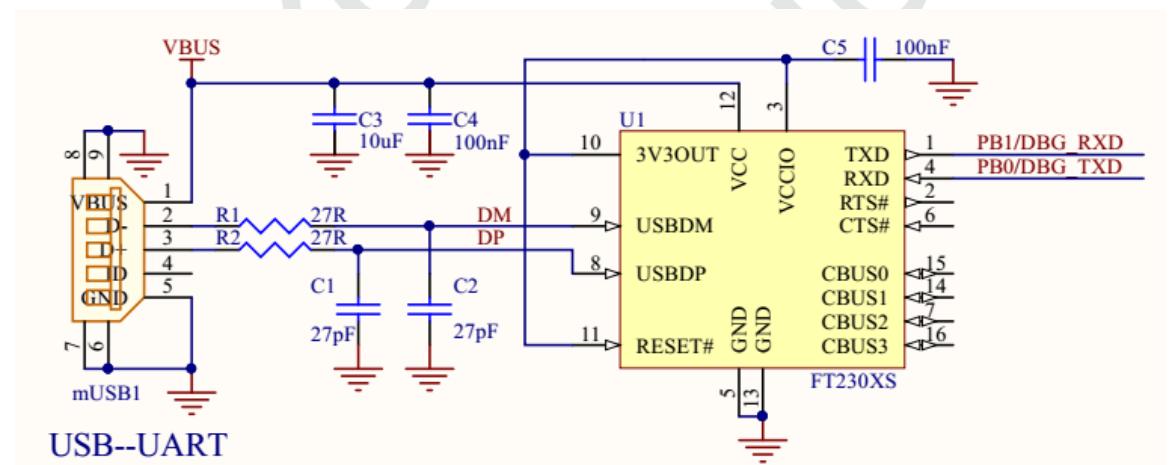


Figure 19 USB to serial reference circuit

The recommended external circuit design for EMW3165:

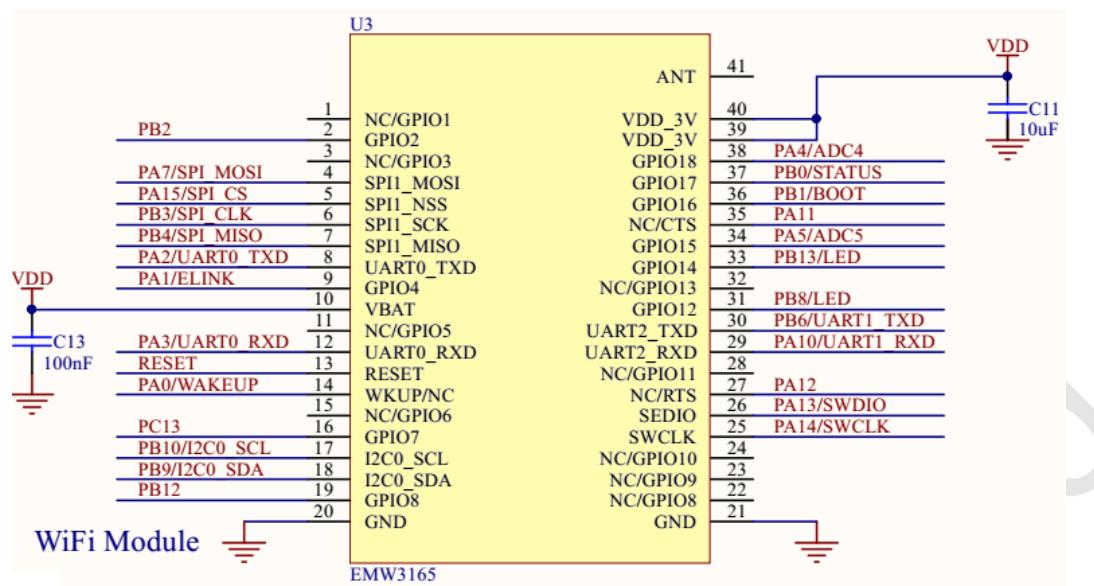


Figure 20 External Circuit Design

EMW3165 UART is 3.3 V, if the user use UART chip is 5 V, the need to convert the voltage, can with EMW3162 UART communication, please refer to the 5 V to 3.3 V UART conversion circuit Figure 21.

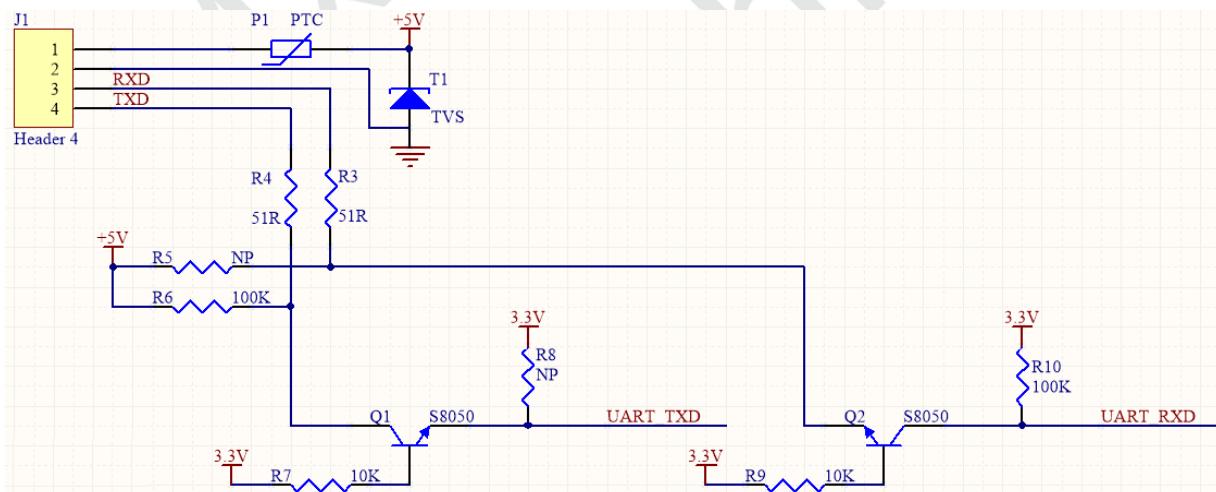


Figure 21 UART 5 V - 3.3 V conversion circuit

8. Sales Information and Technical Support

If you need to get the latest information on this product or our other product information, you can visit: <http://www.mxchip.com/>.

If you need to get technical support, please call us during the working hours.

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